Code No.: 13753 S N/O

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

B.E. III-Semester (Bridge Course) Supplementary Examinations, August-2023 **Mechanics for Engineers**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Q. No.	Stem of the question	M	L	CO	PO
1.	What is free body diagram?	2	1	1	1
2.	What is principle of transmissibility?	2	1	1	1
3.	List equations of equilibrium for a coplanar concurrent system of forces	2	2	2	1
4.	How many reactions are possible for a ball and socket joint?	2	2	2	1
5.	What is cone of friction?	2	1	3	1
6.	List examples of advantages and disadvantages of friction	2	1	3	1
7.	What is translation motion?	2	2	4.	1
8.	What is curvilinear motion?	2	1	4	1
9.	State 'D' Alembert's principle	2	2	5	1
10.	Distinguish the terms kinematics and kinetics	2	2	5	1
	Part-B $(5 \times 6 = 30 Marks)$				
11.	I In the figure a boom AC is supported by ball and socket joint at C and by cables BE and AD. If the force multiplier of a force F acting from B to E is $F_m = 10 N/m$ and that of a force acting from A to D is $P_m = 20 N/m$ solve for the component of each force along AC.	6	3	1	1

	Determine the amount and direction of the smallest force P required to start the wheel shown in fig over the block. What is the reaction at the block? Weight of the wheel is 200 N. The wheel and the block are on a hor zontal ground.	6	2	2	1
	P				
	20cm W				
	\$5cm		2	2	
13.	The block A in figure supports a load of W=2000 N and is to be raised by forcing wedge B under it. The angle of friction at all surfaces ϕ =15°. solve for the force P to start wedge B under the block. Block B has negligible v/eight. w=2000 N	6	3	3	
	$P \longrightarrow B$ 20°				
14.	A projectile is fired from top of a cliff 115m high with a velocity of 420 m/s directed at 30° to the horizontal. Solve for the range on horizontal plane through the base of the cliff.	6	3	4	1
15.	Two blocks A and B are released from rest on 30° inclined plane when they are 15m apart. The coefficient of friction are 0.2 and 0.4 fcr blocks A and B respectively. Solve for the elapsed time until the blocks touch. Also calculate the acceleration after blocks coming in contact. Compute desired quantities in terms of W _A and W _B	6	3	5	1
	Y 30"				
	B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A				
	X 30 11 11 11	100			
16. a)	Find the resultant of the following system of forces	3	2	1	1
	448 N Y 600 N 2 1 3 3 4 3 - X				
	260 N 12 5 3 361 N				

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b)	Two cylinders 20N and 40 N are piled in a rectangular ditch as shown in figure. Neglecting friction, determine the reactions at various contact points.	3	2	2	1
	6cm				
17.	Answer any two of the following:				
a)	A horizontal bar of 10m long and of negligible weight rests on rough incline planes as shown in figure. If angle of friction ϕ is 18° identify how close to B may the 200N force be applied before motion impends.	3	3	3	1
	$\begin{array}{c c} & 200 \text{ N} \\ \hline & 30^{\circ} \\ \hline & 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$				
b)	Solve for the depth of well if a stone is dropped into a well with no initial velocity and 10 seconds later splash is heard. If the velocity of sound is 220 m/s.	3	1	4	1
c)	The frame of certain machine accelerates rightward at 7/8 g m/s². As shown in figure it carried a uniform bent bar ABC weighing 300N/m pinned to it at C and braced by the uniform strut DE which weighs 400N. Solve for the components of the force at pin D	3	3	5	1
	1,0m A 1,0m				

M: Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

i)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 1	20%
ii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 2	33%
iii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 3 & 4	1720/
